

Behavioural competency framework (appendix A)

Fairness, Inclusion and Respect (FIR)

Definition

Contributes actively to a working environment that recognises, responds to and values the contribution of every individual.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Treats everyone (colleagues, learners, customers and stakeholders) with respect and dignity Openly and willingly listens to the views of others Considers the impact of their own actions on others Challenges inappropriate behaviour or language Polite, patient and tolerant when dealing with others Regularly updates their knowledge of our approach to Fairness, Inclusion and Respect (FIR). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demonstrates consideration for a work-life balance Treats all team members with equal importance Acts as a role model by valuing diversity and celebrating difference Considers diversity related needs when planning and allocating work Deals promptly and objectively with another's inappropriate behaviour or language Champions efforts to make the workplace more inclusive. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Works continuously to improve working practices to ensure fairness, inclusion and respect Leads by example, acting as a role model for inclusive behaviour and demonstrates knowledge of unconscious bias in themselves and others Works to integrate people with different backgrounds and experiences into teams Decision-making reflects a sound understanding of diversity related issues Demonstrates an understanding of how FIR issues can impact on service delivery Demonstrates an understanding of the impact FIR can have on business opportunities Empowers and encourages staff to deliver best practice in this area.

Negative behaviours

- Ignores inappropriate language and/or behaviour
- Uses inappropriate language and or behaviours
- Fails to recognise and use the diverse skills and experience of others.
- Ignores the impact of their own behaviour on others
- Treats people and/or their areas of work with a lack of respect.

Behavioural competency framework (appendix A)

Works collaboratively

Definition

Work with others across the business in a positive manner, sharing knowledge, good practice and experience.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrates an interest in others and develops contacts outside of their own team • Shares own knowledge openly and freely • Proactively seeks information, resources and support from outside own team • Takes time to understand the work of other departments • Understands how actions may impact on other areas and actively seeks to engage with them • Listens attentively to others and regularly checks their understanding. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Actively develops and maintains a network of colleagues • Demonstrates an understanding of the activities/priorities of different parts of the business • Considers the impact of their actions/decisions on different parts of the business • Readily shares resources to support high priority work • Proactively seeks information and support from outside of their immediate team • Encourages team to seek and act on feedback from customers and stakeholders. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Actively promotes the benefits of cross-functional working • Promotes knowledge sharing with other teams and acts on results • Proactively creates, maintains and promotes a network of colleagues and stakeholders across the business and externally • Consults relevant colleagues/stakeholders on new initiatives and reflects their input • Acts as a role model for knowledge sharing across the organisation • Seeks the opinions of those with expert in the business, ignoring hierarchy where appropriate. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Has a collegiate approach to working with peers, sharing knowledge, challenging appropriately, respecting the views of others and working together to deliver leadership excellence • Embraces and champions the 'One team' CITB behaviour • Creates and delivers an environment that values cross functional/divisional and organisational working and networking • Able to build teams that are adaptable and thrive by working together to achieve success • Works to break down silos across the organisation.

Negative behaviours

- Openly critical of other teams or parts of the business
- Constantly protects interests and resources of their own area of the business
- Devotes no or limited time to networking, prefers to work in isolation when inappropriate to the task
- Fails to consider impact of actions and decisions on other parts of the business.

Revised Feb 2014



Drives for results

Definition

Developing the dedication, motivation and personal commitment to achieve results which make a real difference to the business.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ensures they are clear about what is expected of them Organises and plans their work effectively and efficiently to deal with both the expected and unexpected Alerts colleagues to potential problems in meeting deadlines and suggests solutions Produces work of a consistently high standard, checks own work Looks for solutions when encountering problems. Sees tasks through to completion. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agrees, communicates and manages clear objectives which reflect team and business priorities Continually reviews priorities and resources Is flexible ensuring both urgent priorities and planned activities are completed Identifies risks and potential problems and plans how to manage them Remains positive and focused on achieving outcomes despite set-backs Takes responsibility for mistakes and learns from them. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drives a high performance culture, supports and encourages a focus on achievement Acts as a role model for delivery by demonstrating energy and enthusiasm Maintains composure in the face of difficulties, demonstrates resistance to barriers Translates strategic priorities into clear outcome focused objectives Actively manages risks and plans to deal with the unexpected. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exceeds goals successfully Ensures that strategies and business results are delivered Demonstrates resilience and is energised by challenging and difficult situations Fosters a culture of continuous improvement, high performance and achievement throughout the organisation.

Negative Behaviours

- Ignores mistakes or seeks to transfer responsibility for them
- Consistently adopts a short term or last minute approach
- Sets unachievable targets or unrealistic milestones
- Is easily distracted/distracts others from the teams focus
- Ignores CITB behaviours in achieving results.

Behavioural competency framework (appendix A)

Working with courage and integrity

Definition

Acts in a principled, open and conscientious way, consistent with our values, challenges unacceptable behaviour and poor performance, keeps promises.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prepared to constructively question and challenge • Prepared to acknowledge personal mistakes • Is open to and encourages feedback • Delivers on what is promised • Will not compromise on corporate values • Prepared to communicate openly even if opinions are not shared by the majority. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supports key organisational messages, even when they meet resistance • Openly offers support to colleagues • Encourages alternative views and ideas • Challenges behaviour which contradicts our core values • Faces up to challenging situations • Does not avoid difficult conversations • Establishes and maintains an environment where personal integrity thrives. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Champions the organisation vigorously, internally and externally • Promotes an environment where people feel encouraged to challenge and question • Openly acknowledges mistakes and promptly implements remedial action. Challenges systems, processes and behaviours which conflict with our core values • Deals promptly and effectively with challenging situations • Demonstrates loyalty to and support of colleagues across the business. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Embraces and champions the CITB values with integrity and trust across the organisation • Is widely trusted and recognised as a direct and truthful leader • Ensures that plans and strategies are consistent with CITB's values and standards • Acts as a role model for CITB's ethical and professional standards • Takes decisions based on the greater good of the construction industry.

Negative behaviours

- Immediately changes their mind when questioned or challenged
- Seeks to blame others when things go wrong
- Says one thing and does another
- Avoids dealing with difficult situations/avoids giving difficult messages.

Building capability

Definition

Developing one's own abilities and helping others to develop theirs in order to improve our service to customers.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Takes responsibility for own development • Reviews own performance and identifies development needs • Seeks to develop new skills and experiences • Learns from and acts on constructive feedback • Helps others by sharing own knowledge and experience • Makes effective use of the full range of development opportunities. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Encourages others to develop their knowledge, skills and experience • Provides people with opportunities to broaden their experience • Proactively follows up developmental interventions and monitors progress • Actively supports the concept of continuous learning • Holds regular reviews beyond those formally required • Acknowledges the differing learning styles and needs of others. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creates an environment that supports development and is flexible to reflect individual circumstances • Demonstrates own commitment to continuing professional development • Devotes time to coaching and mentoring own staff • Uses new capacity and skills to benefit the wider organisation • Publically acknowledges the learning/developmental achievements of others • Constructs and maintains effective succession plans.

Negative behaviours

- Shows no interest in developing their own knowledge or skills
- Fails to review impact of learning activities
- Treats development as a low priority
- Fails to provide constructive feedback
- Fails to understand the impact and implications of individual circumstances.

Behavioural competency framework (appendix A)

Innovation, change and agility

Definition

Positively welcomes opportunities for change and continually identifies opportunities to improve performance.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is not afraid to constructively question or challenge Demonstrates enthusiasm for change and a willingness to get involved Readily exchanges information with others across the business Readily contributes ideas or suggestions for improvement Is open to new ideas and asks questions to confirm understanding Willingly adopts own working practices to support changes. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Encourages others to seek out new ideas and information Constructively challenges current practices and thinking Involves colleagues and stakeholders in developing ideas for improvement Proactively identifies potential barriers/blockages and seeks ways to overcome them Willing to re-think/amend plans in the light of new information Proactively seeks out best practice inside and outside of the business. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Personally creates and maintains momentum for change Commits personal time and resources to supporting new ideas Gives praise and recognition to those involved in change projects/innovation Creates an environment which encourages innovation and appropriate risk taking Regularly checks and evaluates the impact of change and innovation Supports others through the ambiguity/uncertainty of change. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Comfortable with ambiguity and re-focuses the direction of self and others Takes personal ownership of major change programmes maintaining commitment throughout Demonstrates a clear understanding of inherent risks and manages accordingly Sees ahead clearly, anticipates future trends and consequences Future orientated, paints credible pictures of possibilities and likelihoods Contributes enthusiastically to wider strategic debates.

Negative behaviours

- Demonstrates a complacent 'seen it all before' approach to new ideas and change
- Continually identifies barriers to new ideas and change without providing constructive alternatives
- Unwilling to alter existing working practices
- Reinforces or creates a blame culture
- Does not respond to requests for information to support changes or new ideas.

Revised Feb 2014



Communicating with impact

Definition

Uses appropriate, clear and effective communications to achieve results, support and commitment.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conveys information clearly and concisely in an appropriate format • Speaks clearly and effectively to different audiences • Conveys energy and enthusiasm about their work • Asks open questions to appreciate others points of view • Confidently handles challenging conversations • Quickly puts others at ease and builds rapport. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Displays passion and enthusiasm when interacting with others • Presents information clearly and confidently without jargon • Presents the facts honestly giving a balanced picture • Adapts style and approach to meet the needs of the audience • Open and inviting of the views of others and responds accordingly • Proactively plans communications thinking about message, media and audience. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acts as an ambassador for team, department or organisation at all times • Handles objections or arguments convincingly with confidence and conviction • Articulates and explains complex issues clearly and concisely • Uses different methods/media for communications reflecting the audience and situation • Plans and executes influencing strategies to build commitment across the business • Chairs meetings effectively to reach clear decisions.

Negative behaviours

- Avoids appropriate face to face contact if possible
- Overly reliant on e-mails and written communication
- Excessive use of jargon
- Verbal communication/presentations lack structure and impact.

Behavioural competency framework (appendix A)

Customer focus

Definition

The commitment to putting customers first, understanding their needs and delivering a consistently high standard of service which exceeds expectations.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proactively keeps customers informed with timely and appropriate feedback Identifies and clarifies individual customer needs Is honest and realistic with customers. Does not over-promise Treats all customers with courtesy and respect Resolves customer enquiries promptly only referring to others when genuinely appropriate. Apologises when services or products do not meet requirements. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Actively seeks feedback from customers and acts on it Identifies suitable benchmarks or standards to measure service levels Turns complaints into positive outcomes for the customer Develops effective, on-going relationships with customers Ensures work with customer is viable for both parties and is not afraid to say no Displays honesty and integrity in all dealings with customers. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Translates customer feedback into actions for improvement Takes the time to understand the underlying needs of customers Builds effective personal relationships and networks with customers, both internally and externally Establishes and maintains sustainable processes for monitoring customer satisfaction Recognises and rewards the delivery of exceptional customer service Creates an environment where teams are empowered to put the customer first. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Builds collaborative and enduring customer relationships and gains customer trust and respect Is both an ambassador and a customer 'Champion' for CITB Ensures that organisational success is anchored in meeting the needs of customers Understands and articulates what exceeding expectations means for customers and turns it into operational reality.

Negative behaviours

- Makes promises to customers which cannot be delivered
- Views customer complaints as a nuisance
- Passes the buck to others and does not check if issues are resolved
- Blames others for shortcomings or non-delivery.

Lead by example

Definition

A constant source of energy, support and encouragement. A visible role model for CITB's behaviours.

Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Delegates effectively on the basis of skills and experience Makes themselves available to their team Provides a clear direction and maintains a focus on team goals Devotes time to understanding the needs and concerns of the team Seeks and acts on feedback from the team Gives praise and recognition to others for good performance. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Utilises the full potential of the team, harnessing individual energies and abilities Communicates a sense of purpose which generates optimism and excitement Remains highly visible whilst managing others Includes others in the decision making process to build commitment and ownership of goals Trusts others to carry out tasks and provides them with the space to do so Exercises influence without using hierarchy or power. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Creates a positive environment, acting as a source of energy and passion Inspires others to achieve their best and promotes a 'can-do' approach Acts as a role model for CITB's organisational behaviours Maintains a high level of visibility internally and externally Is readily available to people across the business Stands by team/directorate/organisation when they are challenged.

Negative behaviours

- Lacks visibility
- Does not acknowledge or recognise good performance
- Manages through status/hierarchy
- Lacks enthusiasm and commitment.

Behavioural competency framework (appendix A)

Effective decision-making

Definition

Analyses relevant information – seeing guidance when appropriate, explores options, makes timely decisions and stands by them.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Makes effective decisions following appropriate criteria • Ask questions when unsure of correct approach • Investigates and responds to gaps in information • Undertakes appropriate analysis to support decisions or recommendations • Understands where to go and who to involve if further information is required • Thinks through implications of own decisions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognises scope of own authority and involves others as appropriate • Considers the long term impact of decisions • Makes timely decisions even when difficult or unpopular • Knows where to go for advice and support and is willing to do so • Explores different options outlining the costs, benefits and risks of each • Invites challenge and involves others in decision making when appropriate. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyses and evaluates pros/cons/risks in order to make effective decisions • Knows when to bring in experts/research to support decision making • Resists attempts to 'pass' decisions upward • Able to decide and act even when details may be unclear • Identifies the main issues in complex decisions, clarifying stakeholder expectations • Takes timely, confident and evidence based decisions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quick to identify the issues and to get to the heart of the problem • Pushes decision making to the appropriate level in their teams • Obtains the appropriate information to support decisions in advance • Encourages scrutiny and challenge to decisions from peers, staff and stakeholders • Effectively balances competing agendas when making decisions • Rethinks plans and decisions in the light of new information, making appropriate adjustments.

Negative behaviours

- Only uses evidence which is readily available or supports existing views.
- Makes decisions in isolation, without appropriate consultation.
- Consistently changes decisions based on new information or options.
- Constantly seeks additional information to avoid decisions.

Revised Feb 2014